Client Tax Newsletter - Winter 2014

Dear Client:

This issue of our newsletter contains information about the tax implications of the Affordable Care Act, simplified home office deduction method and a **Tax Checklist** to help you organize your tax documents.

The Affordable Care Act and Your Taxes

While some provisions of the ACA have already gone into effect in prior years, a number of new provisions are effective in 2014. Although we do not intend this newsletter to be the answer-all to the ACA, we thought this would be a good time to look at some of the provisions that might affect you.

Under the Affordable Care Act, all individuals will be required to have health insurance. There will be incentives for those who enroll and penalties for those who do not. While the majority of US citizens and legal residents will be subject to the penalties, certain groups will be exempt such as undocumented immigrants, incarcerated individuals, American Indians and members of certain faiths. Large employers (those with 50 or more full-time employees) will be required to offer coverage to employees and will be penalized for noncompliance. Small employers who provide coverage for their employees may qualify for tax credits in 2013, 2014 and 2015 and will pay no penalties for failure to participate.

As a result of this legislation, Health Insurance "Marketplaces" (formerly known as exchanges) will assist in purchasing health insurance plans that are eligible to receive federal subsidies.

Under the ACA, several aspects of health insurance plans will be regulated. All health insurance plans must have no lifetime or annual limits, no potential rescission of coverage, no pre-existing conditions exclusions, no excessive waiting periods for eligibility to become covered by the plan and no cost sharing for preventive care. The insurance market must limit deductibles for certain plans and new insurance plans must cover your children until they reach age 26 while older plans must only cover children who cannot get insurance from their place of employment until they are 26.

The plan provider must provide a summary of benefits and coverage to participants. Plan enrollees must be allowed to select any available participating primary care provider. Premiums can be based only on limited factors, and there must be an effective process for appeals from claims determinations.

Each of these requirements is designed to improve the experience of the insured individuals and to ensure greater coverage than was previously provided by health insurance companies.

Tax Credits to Offset Insurance Premiums

A Kaiser Family Foundation study predicts that nearly half of all Americans who buy their own health insurance through the Affordable Care Act's Marketplaces will be eligible for tax credits or subsidies.

2013: Watch Out for These Two New Taxes!

Two new taxes were included in the Affordable Care: the 3.8% tax on net investment income and the 0.9% Medicare surtax on earned income. Earned Income is defined as income from work.

The 3.8% Tax on Net Investment Income

The 3.8% surtax will be imposed on the lesser of your net investment income for the tax year, or the amount by which your modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) exceeds the "threshold amount" for the year. The threshold for married filing jointly is \$250,000, \$125,000 if you are married filing separately, and \$200,000 for everyone else.

Although the IRS issued more than 100 pages of regulations to define "net investment income," the term basically includes interest, dividends, annuities, rents, royalties and capital gains. Interest on tax-exempt bonds and distributions from qualified retirement plans are not included, nor is any gain excludable from income on the sale of your primary residence.

The 0.9% Medicare Surtax on Earned Income

This tax applies to wages and self-employment income. The income thresholds are the same as the tax on net investment income above: \$250,000 for couples filing jointly, \$125,000 for those married filing separately and \$200,000 for other filers. The surtax applies only to the employee's portion of the Medicare tax. There is no increase to the employer-paid portion, but employers are required to withhold the surtax once an employee's wages exceed \$200,000 in a calendar year.

Caution: If filing jointly, each spouse could earn less than the \$200,000 threshold and have no extra withholding on their wages during the year, however, if their combined wages exceed the \$250,000 threshold on their tax return, they will pay the surtax owed at tax time. On the other hand, if one spouse's wages are over \$200,000 and the employer withholds the additional tax, but the other spouse earns less than \$50,000, then any extra surtax withheld would be credited on their tax return.

Simplified Home Office Deduction

The IRS introduced a simplified option for claiming home office deduction starting in 2013, providing a standard deduction of \$5 per square foot of home used for business (maximum 300 square feet \$1,500). This simplified option does not change the criteria for who may claim a home office deduction. The home Office must be used regularly and exclusively for business. This would exclude the dinning room table and living room couch.

Thank you for reading!

Tax Checklist

This form is to assist you in gathering your income tax information. Use it as a guide for information you need to provide.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

☐ First, middle initial, and last names of taxpayers and dependents as written on the Social Security cards, and dates of birth for taxpayers and all dependents, especially new dependents.
☐ Address (city, state, and zip), telephone number, and e-mail address.
 ■ Marital Status: ■ Single ■ Married ■ Head of Household ■ Separated ■ No. of Dependents: ■ Do any have any income? ■ Yes ■ No.
☐ Did all dependents live with you for 6 months or more ☐ Yes ☐ No

Types of Income and Tax Rerporting Forms									
	Sheet	Line		Sheet	Line				
☐ Wages: All W-2's	1	7	☐ Income from Rentals: All 1099-Misc	4					
☐ Pensions/Retirements: 1099-R	1	15+16	☐ Biz Income: All 1099-Misc & 1099-K		see below				
☐ Social Security: SSA-1099	1	20	☐ Alimony Received: Total Amount	1	11				
☐ Bank Interest: 1099-INT	1	8	☐ Unemployment: 1099-G	1 19					
☐ Dividends: 1099-DIV	2	pg 2	☐ State Tax Refund: 1099-G		10				
☐ Commissions: 1099-MISC	3	1b	☐ Misc: Jury Duty, Gambling, Other		21				
☐ Sales of Stock, Mut. Funds: 1099-B	5		☐ K-1s from Partnershp S-Corp /Trust		send K-1s				
Business I	ncom	e & Ex	kpense Items – Sheet 3						
	Lir	ne	☐ Business Vehicle	4	13-47				
☐ Total Gross Income	1		☐ General Office Expense		18				
☐ Advertising	8		☐ Hotel/Travel Expense	2	24-a				
☐ Asset Purchases	p2-13		☐ Insurance		15				
☐ Auto: Parking & Tolls	27-16		☐ Interest Paid		16				
☐ Bank/Credit Card Fees	27-02		☐ Legal or Professional Fees		17				
☐ Business Phone Expense	25		☐ License Fees/Taxes Paid	2	25/23				
☐ Cell Phone Expense	27-05		☐ Meals/Entertainment (100%)	2	24-b				
☐ Cleaning/Maintenance	27-06		☐ Postage	2	27-14				
☐ Commissions Paid	10		☐ Rent/Lease Fees Paid	2	20-b				
☐ Contractors/Subcontractors	39		☐ Repairs		21				
☐ Dues & Publications	27-02,-08		☐ Tools	2	27-01				
☐ Education Expense	27-22		☐ Utilities		25				
☐ Equipment/Supplies	27-24, 22		☐ Home Office	ı	pg 2				

Additional Items for Rental Properties – Sheet 4										
☐ Days Rented line 2c	□ Supplies		line 15	☐ Vacation Rental	line 2a					
☐ Condo/PUD Assoc. Fees line 11	☐ Mileage/ Tra	ıvel	line 6	☐ Repairs	line 14					
☐ Gardening /Yard Work line 7	☐ Mortgage In	terest	line 12	☐ Property Tax	line 16					
☐ Management Fees line 11	☐ Termite Trea	tment	line 7	☐ Utilities	line 17					
Deductions / Credits to Income - Sheet 1										
☐ Alimony Paid* line 31 ☐ Moving Expenses use Organizer 3903										
☐ Education Credits** use	Organizer 8863	☐ Penalty on Early Savings Withdrawal								
☐ IRAs/Keogh/Seps	☐ Retrirement Saver's Credit									
☐ Med. Savings Acct. (5498-SA/	☐ Self-employed Health Insurance line 29									
☐ Student Loan Interest	☐ Teachers Exp. (Max \$250) line 23 / 2nd pg									
☐ Child Care Credits Provider name, address, EIN or SS# and amount paid is needed. Organizer 2441										
*Total Alimony Paid Must have SS# of recipient and amount paid. **Education Expenses Send 1098-T										
Estimated Taxes Paid – Sheet 1 – 2nd Page										
Amounts and dates paid for Fed	eral and State qu	uarterly es	timated ta	xes. Sheet 1, 2nd pg						
Itomia	ad Madical* De	aduations	- Shoot	0						
Itemized Medical* Deductions - Sheet 2 ☐ Medical and Dental Bills line 1a ☐ Lab Fees line 1a ☐ Lab Fee										
□ Prescriptions	line 1a				line 1a					
☐ Glasses / Contacts / Hearing A	□ Out-of-Pocket Expenses line 1a									
<u> </u>	☐ Glasses / Contacts / Hearing Aids									
*Total of above Sheet 2. **New				•	-					
	and Interest De	T T								
☐ State /Local Tax	line 5a-e	☐ Mortgage Interest*								
□ Sales Tax	line 5f	☐ Mortgage Insurance Premiums*								
☐ Real Estate Tax*	line 6	☐ Investment Interest*								
☐ Personal Property + Auto Tax	line 7+8	*If you ha	ve Office-ii	n-Home use Sh3 pg2 (N	ot Sheet 2)					
Charitable Contributions - Sheet 2 + NCC										
☐ Cash Contributions*	line 16	☐ Out-c	of-pocket '	Volunteer Expenses						
□ Non-Cash Contributions**	line 17	☐ Chari	Charitable Miles X 14¢ = \$ line 16							
☐ IRA RMD Charitable Distribution	□ IRA RMD Charitable Distribution									
*Documentation Required **Donation dates, list of items donated with Fair Market Value for each non-cash donation to Charitable Organizations are needed. Use Sheet NCC or NCCS										
Additional Tax Documents										
☐ Completed Organizer, 1-2-3 C	☐ Signed Pre Paid Audit Agreement									
☐ Year-End Broker Statements	☐ Notices Received from IRS or State									
☐ HUD Statement (for each home purchase or refinance)										

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